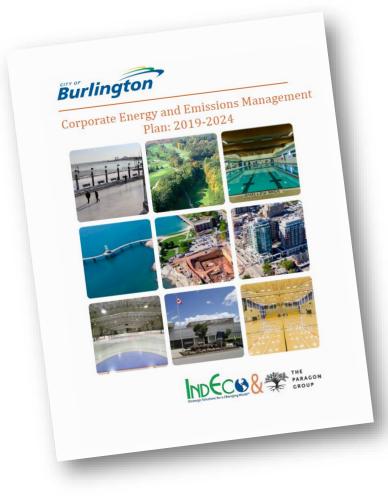


Deep Energy Retrofit Pathway Studies

Tom Pedlar - Corporate Energy & Emissions Coordinator

Why?





FCM - GMF - GHG Reduction Pathway Feasibility Study Funding

- Applied in June 2021
- Heard back with some comments from FCM in October 2021
- Approval from FCM for funding in December of 2021
- Agreement signed in March of 2022

- RFP for Consulting Issued in February 2022
- RFP for Consulting Awarded April 2022
- Studies began in April 2022
- Studies complete by June 2023

RFP Results & Details

- Followed the guideline given by FCM and modified as needed.
- Key points that we had added:
 - Licensed Quantity Surveyor in Ontario required for costing.
 - Geothermal Specialist required as part of the project team.
 - RETScreen Models of the pathway required at the end of the project.
 - Additional pricing included for air leakage testing at each building.
- Evaluation criteria were quite stringent.
- Lots of submissions (13) with varying levels of quality and price.
- DIALOG Design was chosen to perform our studies.
- ► Total cost for our studies was \$259,000+HST

Facilities Included

Brant Hills Community

Centre & Library

- 20,000ft2
- Community Rooms,
 Gymnasiums (2), Library and
 Admin Spaces
- Original Construction 1980/ 2003

Appleby Ice Centre

• 140,000ft2

- 4 pad Arena with Community Rooms, Admin and Mechanical spaces
- Original Construction 1999/ 2009

Fire Station 2

- 8,300ft2
- 1 crew (2 truck) fire station
- Original Construction 1993

Fire Station 7

- 7,200ft2
- 1 crew (2 truck) fire station
- Original Construction 2001

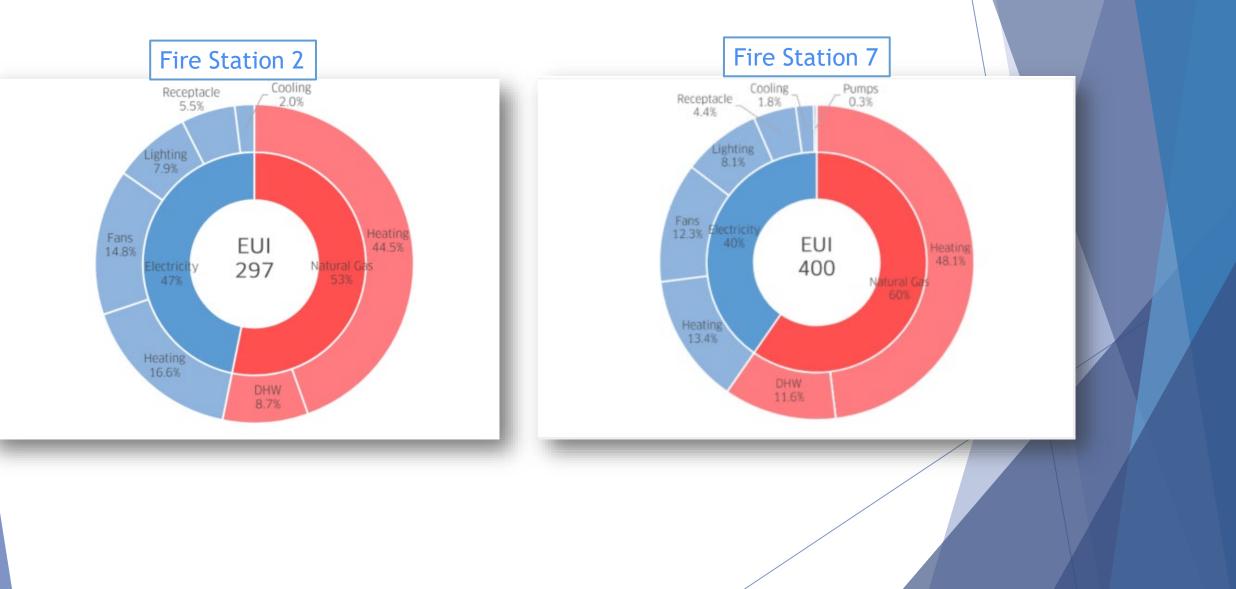
GHG Reduction Pathway Study Process

- 1. Site and Energy System Investigation
- 2. Calibrated Energy Model
- 3. Integrated Design Workshop
- 4. Measure Level Analysis
- 5. GHG Reduction Pathway Scenarios and Package Analysis
 - 1. 10 year plan to 50% reduction and a 20-year plan to minimum 80% reduction
 - 2. Short Term Deep Retrofit (2-5 years)
 - 3. Maximum Site Potential
 - 4. Optimized Outcome
- 6. Decision Making Workshop
- 7. Final Reports



Results

Fire Stations 2 & 7



Fire Stations 2 & 7

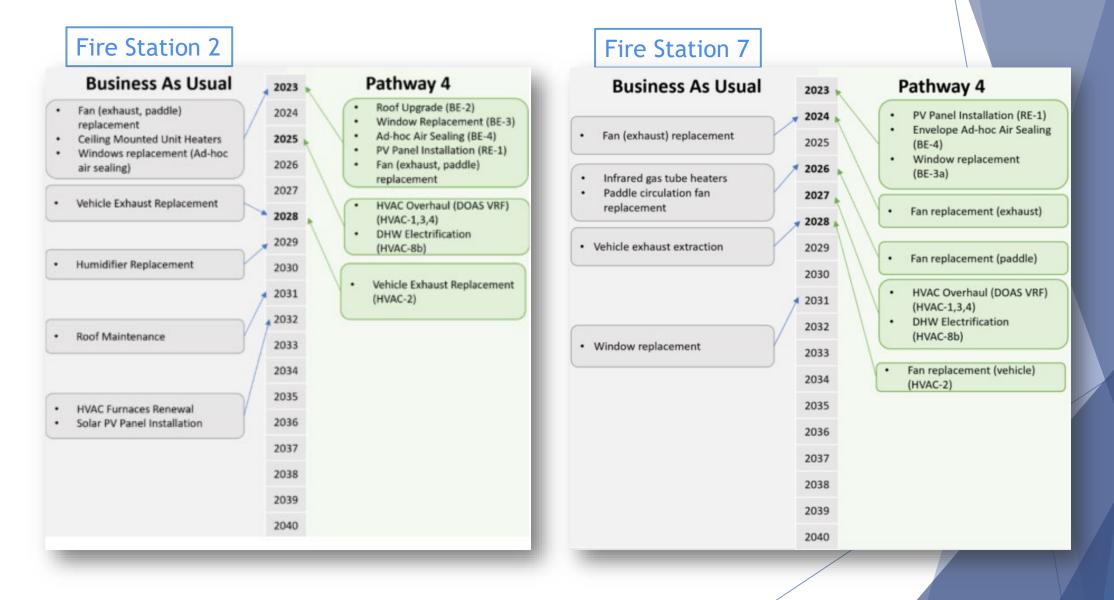
Fire Station 2

ECM Tag	ECM Description	GHG Savings (%)	Capital Cost (\$)	Annual Energy Cost Savings (\$)	Lifecycle Cost Premium (\$)
BE-2	Roof Insulation Upgrade				
BE-3a	High Performance Glazing				
BE-4	Air Sealing		\$1,503,097	44.2%	\$800,507
HVAC-2	Automated Exhaust System	91.6%			
HVAC-8a	DHW Electrification				
HVAC-1,3,4	DOAS, HRV, DCV, Air-Source VRF				
RE-1	Photovoltaic Panels				

Fire Station 7

ECM Tag	ECM Description	GHG Savings (%)	Capital Cost (\$)	Annual Energy Cost Savings (\$)	Lifecycle Cost Premium (\$)
BE-3a	High Performance Glazing				
BE-4	Air Sealing				
HVAC-2	Automated Exhaust System				
HVAC-8a	DHW Electrification	89.3%	\$1,578,243	15.4%	\$1,020,565
HVAC-1,3,4	DOAS, HRV, DCV, Air-Source VRF				
RE-1	Photovoltaic Panels				

Fire Stations 2 & 7

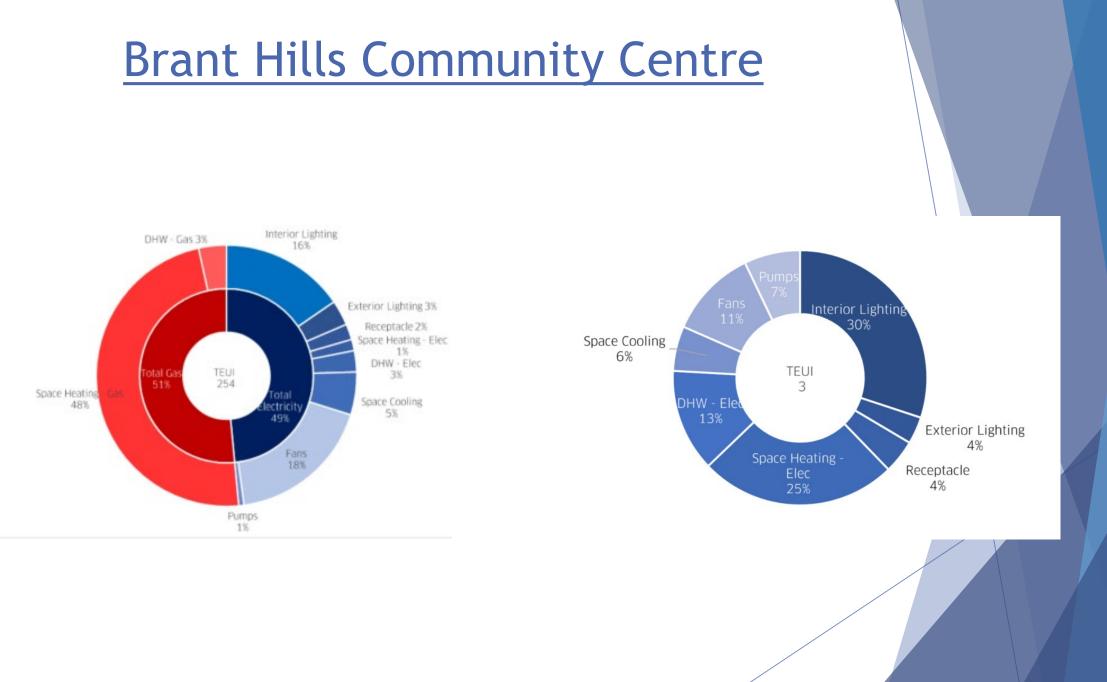


Fire Station 2

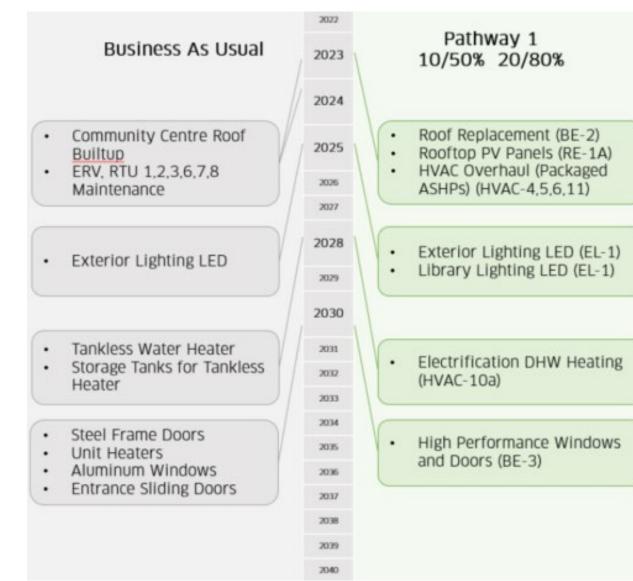
	Pathway BAU	Pathway 1	Pathway 2	Pathway 3	Pathway 4
	Fattiway DRO	Facilway 1	Fattiway 2	Fattiway 5	Fattiway 4
TEUI (kWh/m²a)	297.1	94.8	94.8	54.8	94.8
TEDI (kWh/m²a)	141.8	125.3	125.3	106.4	125.3
Operational GHG (kgCO _{2e})	21,333	1,797	1,797	1,039	1,797
GHGI (kgCO _{2*} /m²)	32.7	2.8	2.8	1.6	2.8
Energy Cost (\$)	14,682.6	8,186.1	8,186.1	4,731.9	8,186.1
Capital Cost	638,176.5	1,721,354.6	1,503,605.2	3,136,894.9	1,503,096.9
Incremental Capital Cost	-	1,083,178.0	865,428.6	2,498,718.4	864,920.3
30 Year Energy Costs (\$)	207,936.6	226,199.3	213,663.6	116,555.2	195,993.7
30 Year Carbon Costs (\$)	103,266.3	26,375.8	11,034.8	11,746.6	10,748.6
Total NPV (\$)	843,233.9	1,622,500.7	1,661,414.4	2,889,572.3	1,643,741.3
Total Incremental Cost NPV (\$)	-	1,150,283.6	1,044,825.0	2,342,074	1,094,059.7
30 Year Cost Premium (\$)	-	779,266.8	818,180.5	2,046,338	800,507.1
Lifecycle Premium / Tonne CO _{2e} (\$/tonneCO _{2e})	-	1,330	1,396	3,361	1,366
Peak Electrical Demand (kW)	Existing Capacity: 115.3	50.2	50.2	29.3	50.2

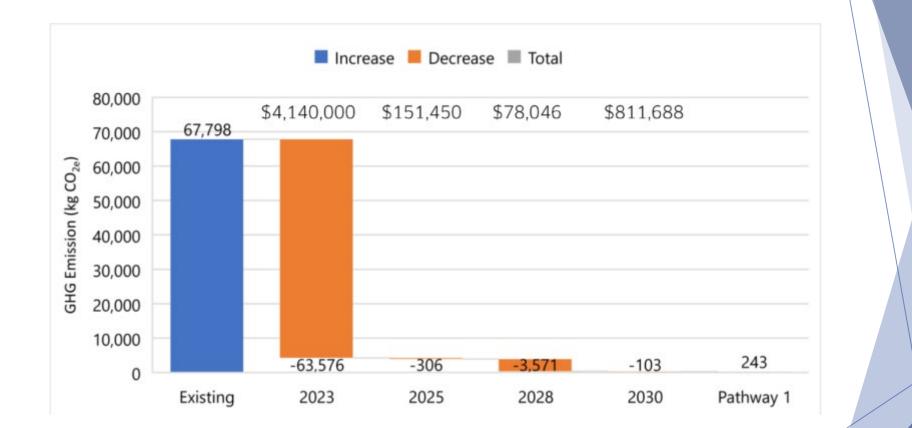
Fire Station 7

	Pathway BAU	Pathway 1	Pathway 2	Pathway 3	Pathway 4
TEUI (kWh/m²a)	400.3	176.1	176.1	108.9	176.1
TEDI (kWh/m²a)	177.8	190.8	190.8	131.8	190.8
Operational GHG (kgCO ₂₀)	31,336	3,339	3,339	2,066	3,339
GHGI (kgCO ₂₀ /m ²)	47.9	5.1	5.1	3.2	5.1
Energy Cost (\$)	18,015	15,210	15,210	9,412	15,210
Capital Cost	272,209	1,874,349	1,597,720	3,599,204	1,578,243
Incremental Capital Cost	-	1,602,140	1,325,511	3,326,995	1,306,034
30 Year Energy Costs (\$)	433,235	367,111	362,019	213,567	356,703
30 Year Carbon Costs (\$)	144,076	139,617	24,413	34,185	24,489
Total NPV (\$)	799,458	1,888,185	1,849,401	3,077,217	1,820,024
Total Incremental Cost NPV (\$)	-	1,696,455	1,619,945	2,854,225	1,593,524
30 Year Cost Premium (\$)	-	1,088,726	1,049,943	2,277,758	1,020,565
Lifecycle Premium / Tonne CO _{2e} (\$/tonneCO _{2e})	-	1,296	1,250	2,594	1,215
Peak Electrical Demand (kW)	Existing Capacity: 115.3	67.1	67.1	33.2	176.1

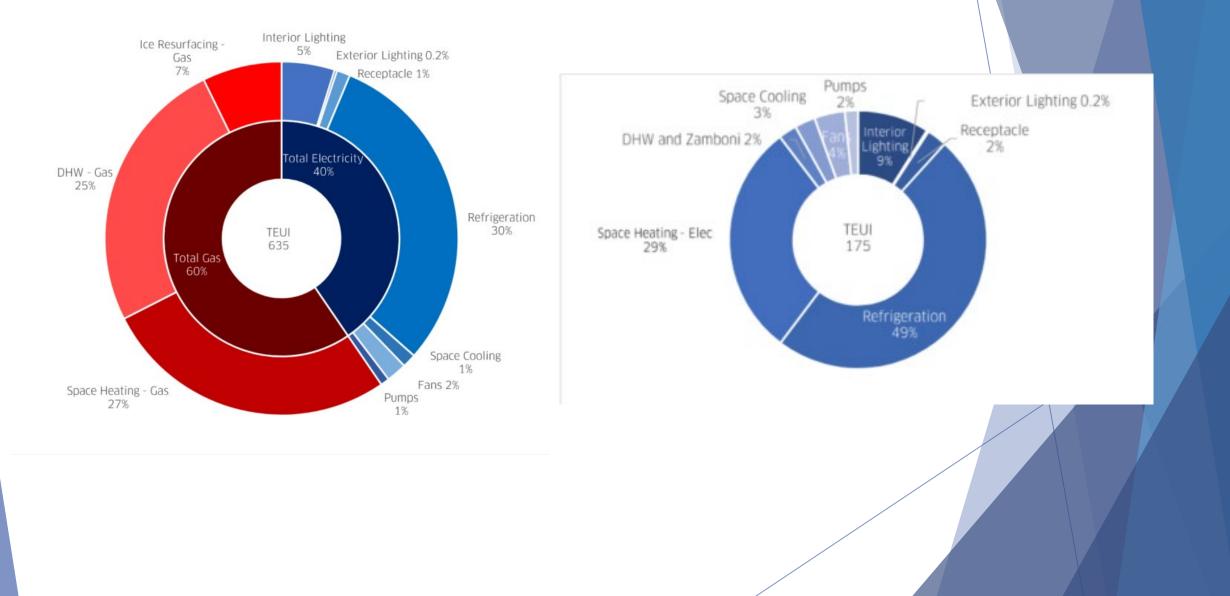


ECM Tag	ECM Description
BE-2 Roof Insulation Upgrade	
BE-3	High Performance Glazing and Doors
HVAC-4,11	Packaged ASHP with Heat Recovery and DCV
HVAC-10a	Electric DHW Heater
EL-1	LED Technology
RE-1a	Rooftop Photovoltaic Panels



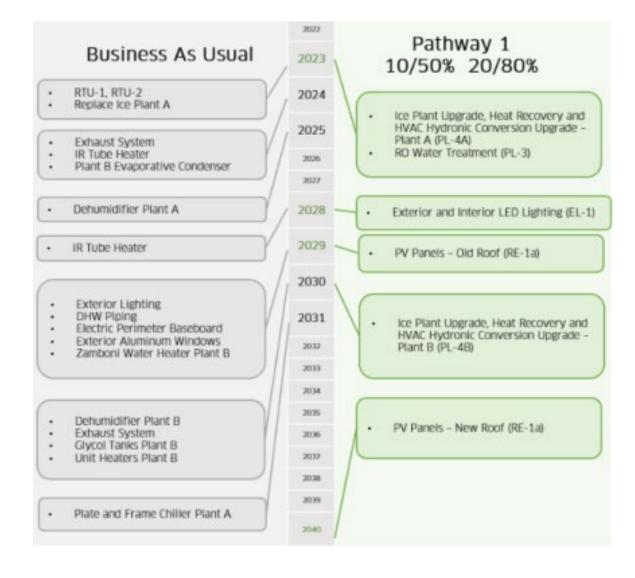


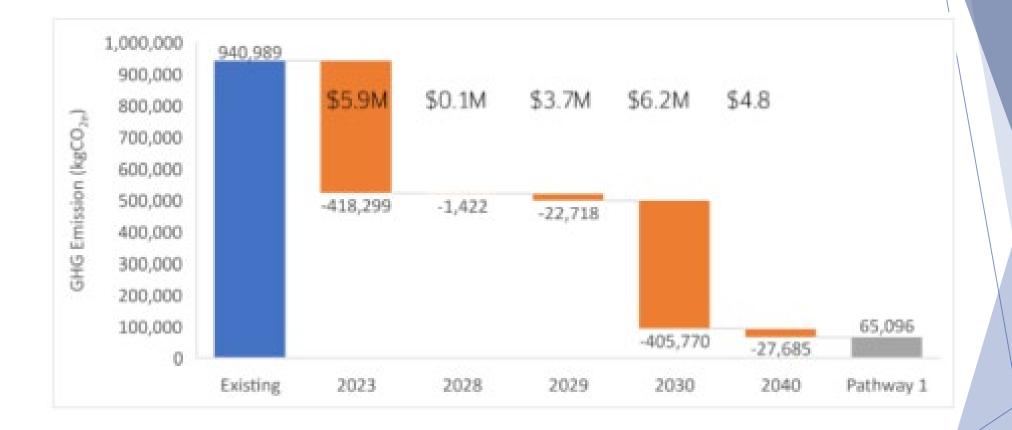
	Pathway BAU	Pathway 1	Pathway 2	Pathway 3	Pathway 4
TEUI (kWh/m2)	246.7	3.3	3.3	0.0	3.3
TEDI (kWh/m2)	100.7	68.0	68.0	45.9	68.0
GHGI (kgCO2e/m2)	26.7	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.1
Energy Cost (\$)	\$61,768	\$1,488	\$1,488	\$0	\$1,488
Capital Cost (\$)	\$1,434,700	\$5,181,184	\$5,181,184	\$7,838,668	\$5,181,184
Incremental Capital Cost (\$)	-	\$3,746,484	\$3,746,484	\$6,403,968	\$3,746,484
30-Year Energy Costs (\$)	\$1,482,835	\$35,520	\$38,879	\$2,532	\$35,520
30-Year Carbon Costs (\$)	\$321,761	\$2,875	\$1,174	\$1,739	\$2,875
NPV (\$)	\$3,087,673	\$5,048,451	\$5,221,237	\$7,336,350	\$5,048,451
Incremental Cost NPV (\$)	-	\$3,765,374	\$3,938,160	\$6,053,273	\$3,765,374
30-Year Cost Premium (\$)		\$1,960,778	\$2,133,565	\$4,248,677	\$1,960,778
Lifecycle Cost Premium Per Tonne of GHG Avoided (\$/tonCO2e)	-	\$1,900	\$1,988	\$3,044	\$1,900
Peak Electrical Demand (kW)	831 kW existing capacity	85.3	85.3	69.8	85.3





ECM Tag	ECM Description
HVAC-7	Electric DHW + Ice Resurfacing
HVAC-11	Packaged Air Source Heat Pumps c/w HRV
EL-1	LED Technology in Rink 3 and 4
PL-4A	Ice Plant Upgrade, Heat Recovery and HVAC Hydronic Conversion Upgrade – Plant A
PL-4B	Ice Plant Upgrade, Heat Recovery and HVAC Hydronic Conversion Upgrade – Plant B
PL-3	Reverse Osmosis Water Treatment
RE-1a	Rooftop Photovoltaic Panels





	Pathway BAU	Pathway 1	Pathway 2	Pathway 3	Pathway 4
TEUI (kWh/m2)	631	175	175	110	175
TEDI (kWh/m2)	101	14	14	9	14
GHGI (kgCO2e/m2)	76	5	5	3	5
Energy Cost (\$)	\$690,737	\$399,254	\$399,254	\$252,298	\$723,731
Capital Cost (\$)	\$2,972,600	\$20,820,085	\$18,751,184	\$43,835,745	\$20,820,085
Incremental Capital Cost (\$)	-	\$17,847,485	\$15,778,584	\$40,863,145	\$17,847,485
30-Year Energy Costs (\$)	\$18,270,973	\$12,497,225	\$11,418,209	\$11,273,446	\$12,497,225
30-Year Carbon Costs (\$)	\$4,555,025	\$674,600	\$338,117	\$556,130	\$674,600
NPV (\$)	\$25,446,129	\$30,299,811	\$29,479,798	\$44,335,905	\$30,299,811
Incremental Cost NPV (\$)	-	\$27,679,680	\$26,859,667	\$41,715,774	\$27,679,680
30-Year Cost Premium (\$)	-	\$4,853,682	\$4,033,669	\$18,889,776	\$4,853,682
Lifecycle Cost Premium Per Tonne of GHG Avoided (\$/tonCO2e)	-	\$1,055	\$1,024	\$1,548	\$1,055
Peak Electrical Demand (kW)	831 kW existing capacity	1198	1145	1198	1198



- ► Timeline for future studies
- Timelines for Analysis of each building



Questions?