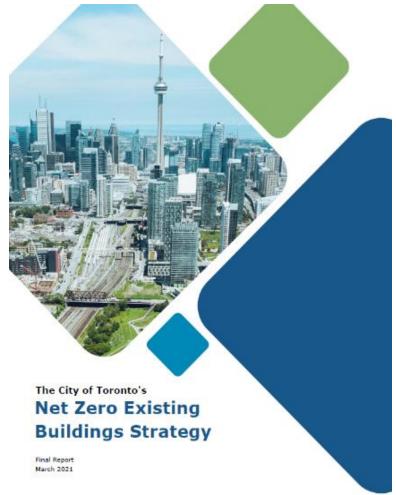


City of Toronto's Net Zero Existing Buildings Strategy



February 16, 2022





Net Zero Existing Buildings Strategy Land Acknowledgement

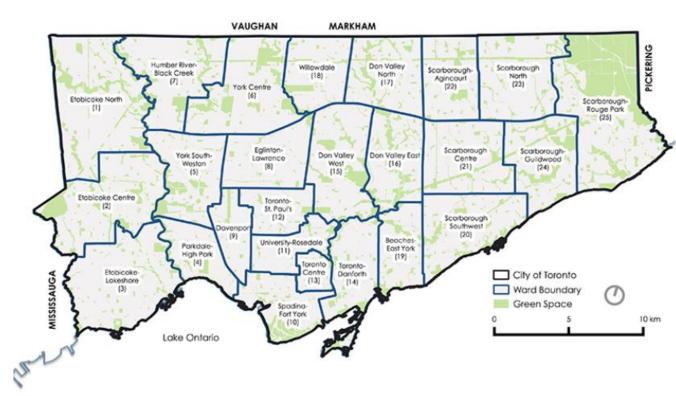
• We acknowledge the land we are meeting on is the traditional territory of many nations including the Mississaugas of the Credit, the Anishnabeg, the Chippewa, the Haudenosaunee and the Wendat peoples and is now home to many diverse First Nations, Inuit and Métis peoples. We also acknowledge that Toronto is covered by Treaty 13 with the Mississaugas of the Credit.





The City of Toronto

- Home to more than 2.9
 million people whose
 diversity and experiences
 make it Canada's leading
 economic engine and one
 of the world's most diverse
 and livable cities.
- Capital of Ontario and the fourth largest city in North America, with a land area of approx. 641 km² (247 mi²).







Net Zero Existing Buildings Strategy TransformTO



Toronto's Emissions Reduction Targets:

- 30 per cent by 2020
- 65 per cent by 2030
- **CLIMATE EMERGENCY

New Target of Net Zero
Emissions before 2050
New Target of Net Zero
Emissions before 2040

Toronto's Climate Action Strategy to reduce greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions while creating a low-carbon future for Toronto that is healthy, equitable and prosperous for all





TransformTO Guiding Principles

TransformTO Guiding Principles



Advance social equity



Protect low-income residents



Improve affordability particularly for vulnerable population



Enhance and strengthen the local economy



Maintain and create good quality local jobs



Improve public health



Contribute to poverty reduction

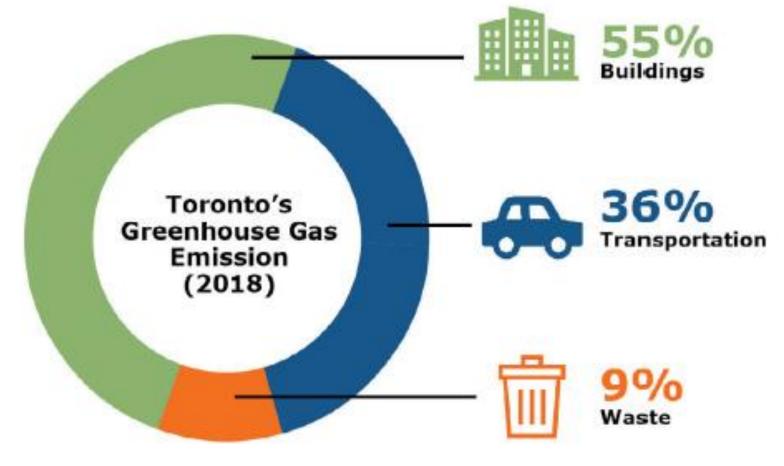


Create resilient communities and infrastructure





Where do Toronto's emissions come from?

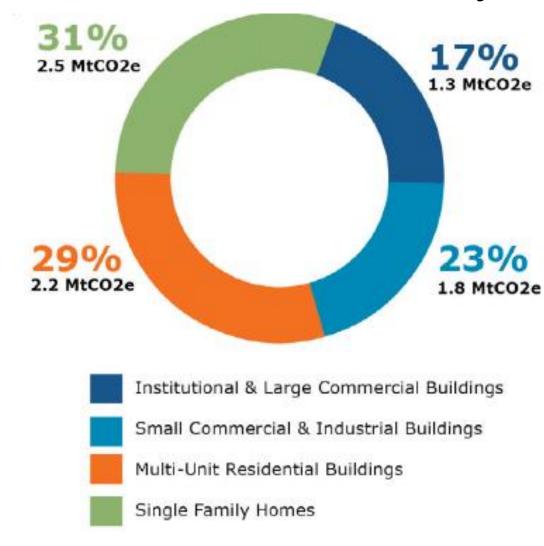


Toronto's greenhouse gas emissions in 2018 (Transform TO)





GHG emissions breakdown by building sector

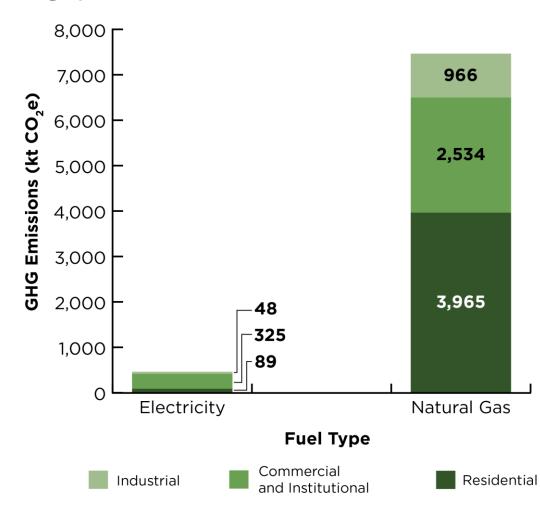






GHG emissions from buildings

by fuel and building type







City Programs for Existing Buildings

Support, Guidance & Enablement

- Navigation & Support Services
- BetterHomesTO
- Renewable Energy
- Sustainable Towers Engaging People (STEP)
- Green Will Initiative (GWI)



Financing

- Energy Retrofit Loans (ERL)
- Home Energy Loan Program (HELP)
- High-Rise Retrofit Improvement Support Program (Hi-RIS)

Policy

- Existing Buildings Emission Strategy
- Toronto Green Standard (TGS)









Overview

- Comprehensive strategy to identify a set of actions for the City to take to achieve net zero emissions by 2050 in existing buildings city-wide.
- Key component of the overall TransformTO Net Zero update (Dec 2021) in response to the City's Climate Emergency Declaration (Oct 2019).
- Developed in coordination with the CREM's Zero Carbon Plan for Cityowned buildings.
- The Existing Buildings Emissions Strategy Includes:
 - Detailed technical analysis and modelling of Toronto's building stock and pathways to achieving net zero emissions by 2050
 - Recommended package of actions needed to achieve the modelled net zero scenario
 - High level implementation plan and timelines





Strategy Development

This Strategy was developed seeking to strike a balance between speed and feasibility.

Considerations included:

- GHG emissions reductions
- Economic implications
- Realization of co-benefits, including, resilience, health, equity and local economic development.





Key Findings

- Over 80% emissions reductions are possible across TO's building stock
 - Net zero emissions not technically and financially feasible from building retrofits alone
 - Offsets or other measures will be needed.
- Fuel switching and a clean electricity grid are the most significant requirements
 - Emissions from Ontario's electricity means no path to zero emissions
 - Emissions will increase over next decades (reduced nuclear gen.)
 - Further electricity grid decarbonization is required.
 - Natural gas can no longer have a significant role in building heating systems
 - Renewable natural gas (RNG) can only offset ~10% max of gas use





Key Findings

- Building envelope upgrades are costly but necessary
 - These also deliver co-benefits of health, resilience and local economic impact.
 - Help lower peak electricity demand requirement as buildings electrify
- Retrofits are a significant net investment for building owners
 - Financial supports and co-investment by all levels of government and the private sector will be needed to enable market transformation.
- Voluntary measures are not enough, mandatory requirements are necessary
 - The City does not have all of the authorities needed to implement the strategy in full.
 - Support of the province will be necessary.





Key Findings

Modelled Economic & Emissions Impacts:

- Reduce overall sector-wide emissions by ~82%
 - Baseline year of 2016 to 2050
 - Cumulative emissions reductions of ~ 149 Mt.
- Increase local building retrofit economic activity by 87%
 - From \$162 B to \$302 B cumulative
 - Double annual investment, from \$5.4 B per year to \$10 B per year.
- Create an estimated additional 7,000 direct, full-time jobs
 - Jobs in local construction, energy services and supportive work





Key Findings

Expected Co-Benefits (examples):

- Improved comfort via improved airtightness and insulation to retain heat in winter and mechanical systems that provide spaces with cooling in the summer
- Improved occupant health through the provision of enhanced ventilation control and filtration
- Improved resilience by extending building habitability during power outages and extreme weather events i.e. passive survivability
- Lowering, or at least maintaining, energy costs to tenants even when fuel switching
- Increasing numbers of local jobs in a green retrofit economy





Existing Buildings in Toronto

- 1,267 Large/High-Rise Institutional, Commercial and Industrial
- 6,162 Multi-Unit Residential Buildings
- 32,561 Small/Low-Rise Institutional, Commercial and Industrial
- 436,117 Singe Family Homes





Breakdown of Emissions by:

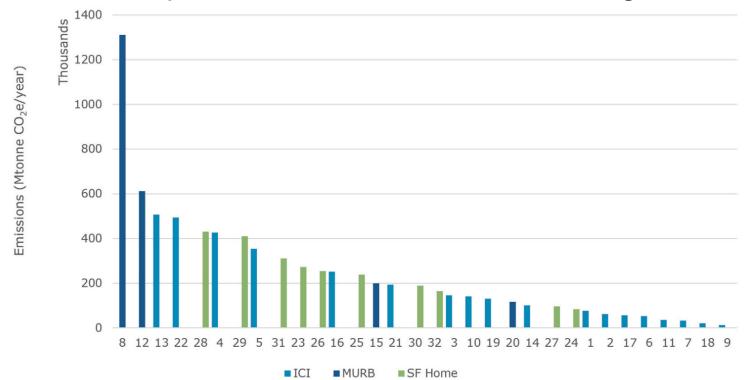
- Sector
- Energy source
- Energy profile:
 - Facility principal operation type (e.g. MURB vs. hotel, office vs. retail)
 - Facility usage patterns (e.g. operating hours, occupancy patterns)
 - Size (e.g. larger buildings vs. smaller buildings)
 - Vintage (e.g. older v. newer buildings), and
 - Ownership model (e.g. condo vs. rental)
- Energy End Use and System Details (e.g. enclosure, HVAC, user-driven)





Breakdown of Emissions by:

- Analysis of Toronto's building stock divided into 32 clusters
 - First two clusters are MURB representing 25% of Toronto's building emissions
 - First 6 clusters represent 50% of Toronto's building emissions







Path to Zero Emissions (Existing Buildings)

Five key building systems:

- User-driven loads and occupancy controls
- Enclosure
- HVAC Delivery
- HVAC Plant
- Renewable Energy





Net Zero Existing Buildings Strategy Facility-level actions

Like-for- Similar (LFS)	 Aligning targeted measure-level improvements with systems and equipment that are expected to require replacement in a 30-year window of service life (windows and roof) Captured in typical 30-year capital plans (where applicable)
LFS + Easy Fuel Switch (LFS+FS1)	 Start with Like-for-similar, add 1 or 2 (max) other measures/improvements (approx. Level 1 enclosure) Implement level 1 fuel switch (with gas support/backup)
LFS + Full Fuel Switch (LFS+FS2)	 Start with Like-for-similar, add 1 or 2 (max) other measures/improvements (approx. Level 1 enclosure) Level 2 Fuel Switch (i.e. cold climate ASHP, minimal gas backup required) DHW fuel switch (ASHP)
F 16 35 1	
Fuel Switch Ready (FSR)	 Enclosure improvements and upgrades needed to ready the facility for future fuel switching Level 2 HVAC delivery upgrades, including heat recovery
4 6	
Zero Carbon Ready (ZCR)	• Start with Fuel Switch Ready • Implement level 2 fuel switch (cold climate, minimal gas back up required) including DHW fuel switch

Level 3 enclosure upgrades (maximum)

• Fuel switch with geo-exchange, including DHW fuel switch

Best HVAC upgrades



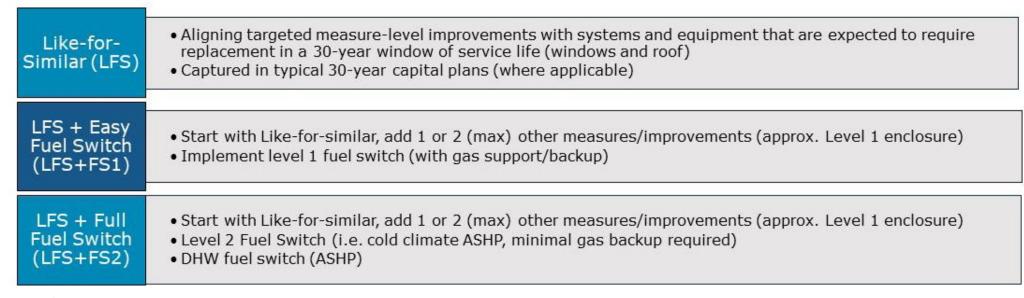
Max Site

Potential

(MAX



Facility-level actions



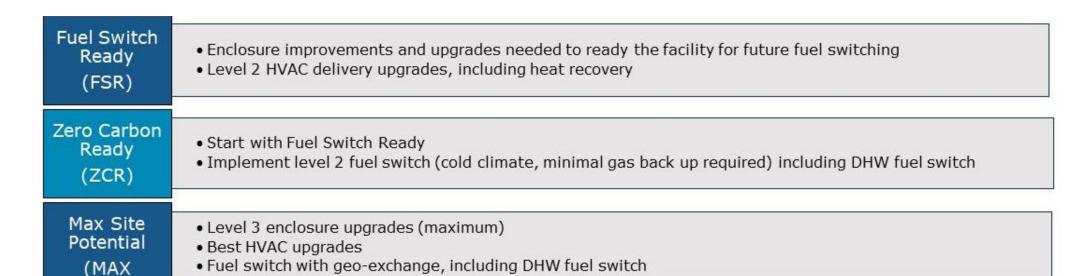
- LFS package represents baseline for retrofits that would happen anyway (i.e. replacing single pane windows with double pane)
- LFS + Fuel Switch: reasonable investment for buildings unable to afford full decarbonization.
- Align with planned replacement of existing cooling equipment.
 - Some buildings may require more than level 1 enclosure measures





Facility-level actions

- FSR package appropriate for buildings with recent central plant equipment (or connected to low carbon district) and want to invest in facility
- MAX sets upper bounds for performance
- ZCR and MAX are very similar in performance
 - TEDI Performance aligns with EnerPHit







Package Capital, Life-Cycle Costs and Incremental LCC/tonne

- Capital is the main decision-making tool of the real-estate sector.
 - Typically outweighs energy costs given current low cost of energy in Ontario
- Life-cycle cost reflects the total cost of ownership and the potential for investments to be cost-neutral over time.
- ILCC/tonne allows for decarbonization actions to be compared to one another across buildings and sectors.





Cost Example: MURB, circa 1990, 50-200,000ft²

Package	Capital Cost (\$/ft2)	Life-Cycle Cost (\$/ft2)	ILCC/ tonne (\$/tonne)
LFS	30	78	
LFS+FS-1	32	89	406
LFS+FS-2	37	87	172
FS Ready	47	84	183
ZC Ready	66	95	290
ZC Ready - no PV	63	96	326
Max Site	86	116	660
Max Site - w/o PV	84	118	704
Full Fuel Switch Only	17	78	3





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Close to announced 2030 carbon price of \$170/tonne

Need to be here to reach target

No packages offer life cycle cost savings over LFS





Cost Example: Large ICI, circa 1980, avg. 78,928ft²

Package	Capital Cost (\$/ft2)	Life-Cycle Cost (\$/ft2)	ILCC/ tonne (\$/tonne)
LFS	68	205	
LFS+FS-1	108	243	1,300
LFS+FS-2	123	270	878
FS Ready	109	228	360
ZC Ready	137	260	703
ZC Ready - no PV	136	261	711
Max Site	155	274	864
Max Site - w/o PV	155	274	872
Full Fuel Switch Only	73	221	217





Cost Example: Large ICI, circa 1980, avg. 78,928ft²

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None are close to announced 2030 carbon price of \$170/tonne



No packages offer life cycle cost savings over LFS



Cost Effectiveness

To generally enable cost effectiveness of packages:

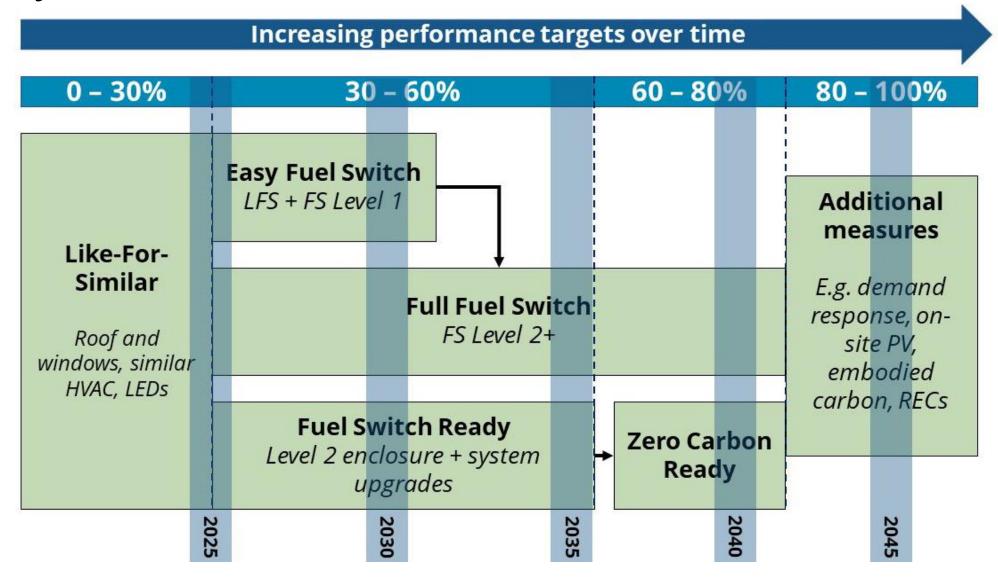
- Higher carbon pricing (i.e. \$300/tonne Federal shadow price)
- Lower capital costs (i.e. economies of scale, incentives, etc.)
- Both can enable cost effectiveness

- Progressive investment in fuel switching over time
 - FS-1/FS-2 packages only marginal increase in LCC (MURB)
 - As market matures and as regulations tighten
 - Start with less costly fuel switch for immediate equipment change-over
 - Include planning for a longer-term transition to a full fuel switch.





City Level Actions







Summary of Recommended Actions from the Strategy

Purpose	Actions		
Set requirements to assess building performance and create a path to net zero	 Require annual emissions performance reporting and public disclosure for all existing buildings Establish emissions performance targets Require energy and emissions audits and tune-ups 		
Provide support and resources to make retrofits easier and more affordable	 Provide integrated retrofit support Expand and enhance retrofit financing Support permitting and approvals processes for deep retrofits 		
Advocate and partner with other levels of government	 Build awareness and capacity of home and building owners for emissions reduction strategies and supports Support workforce development and training Advocate for action at other levels of government 		





Potential Implementation Timeline

	Near-Term (2022-2024)	Medium-Term (2025-2029)	Long-Term (2030+)	
1. Data Reporting, Disclosure, and Labelling				
All Buildings >50,000 f2	Voluntary	Mandatory		
All Buildings >25,000 f2	Voluntary	Mandatory		
All Buildings	Voluntary			
Single Family (HERD)	Voluntary	Mandatory		
2. Performance Targets				
All Buildings >50,000 f2	Voluntary	Mandatory		
All Buildings >25,000 f2	Voluntary		Mandatory	
All Buildings	Voluntary		Mandatory	
Single Family	Voluntary			
3. Audits, Recommissioning, Retrofit Roadmaps				
All Buildings >50,000 f2	Voluntary	Mandatory		
All Buildings >25,000 f2	Voluntary	Mandatory		
All Buildings	Voluntary		Mandatory	





Net Zero Existing Buildings Strategy Implementation Planning

- Analysis of approaches for introduction of actions
 - Voluntary basis first, transition over time to mandatory
 - Base mandatory on learnings and further engagement.
- Further consultation and engagement with stakeholders
 - Internal and external
 - Sign up to be notified of next consultations, e-mail bbp@toronto.ca
- Analysis of equity and housing affordability impacts
 - Development of implementation strategies that mitigate negative impacts and enable positive ones for equity-deserving groups.
- Identifying resourcing and financial implications for the City





Emissions Reduction Scenario For Toronto

- All older buildings will undergo an upgrade to enclosure and HVAC systems
- All buildings currently using natural gas-fired heating will undergo a fuel switch to electric heat pumps or alternative source of low emissions heating
- Rooftop solar PV will generate ~14% of electricity (for studied building stock)
- 80%+ emissions reductions are possible, but net zero emissions is not feasible (technically and financially).
- These measures do not have simple payback even with planned carbon pricing





Large/Hi-Rise Buildings

- Deep retrofits can:
 - Benefit tenant retention
 - Supporting corporate zero carbon mandates
- Deeper investment more worthwhile with lower cost capital available
- Either stronger carbon pricing or financial support (or both!)
 are required to enable all required investment





City Programs for Existing Buildings

Support, Guidance & Enablement

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- BetterHomesTO
- Renewable Energy
- Sustainable Towers Engaging People (STEP)
- Green Will Initiative (GWI)



Financing

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Policy

- Existing Buildings
 Emission Strategy
- Toronto Green Standard (TGS)









City Programs for Existing Buildings

Net Zero Existing Buildings Strategy recommended providing support and resources to make retrofits easier and more affordable:

- Provide integrated retrofit support
- Expand and enhance retrofit financing
- Support permitting and approvals processes for deep retrofits





Thank you!

- Questions?
- Contact us:
 - Sign up to be notified of future consultations on design and implementation of the Strategy.
 - For support on your building's path to net zero
 - Have your building portfolio join GWI to collaborate with peers and disclose performance

Contact:

Better Buildings Partnership

bbp@toronto.ca

