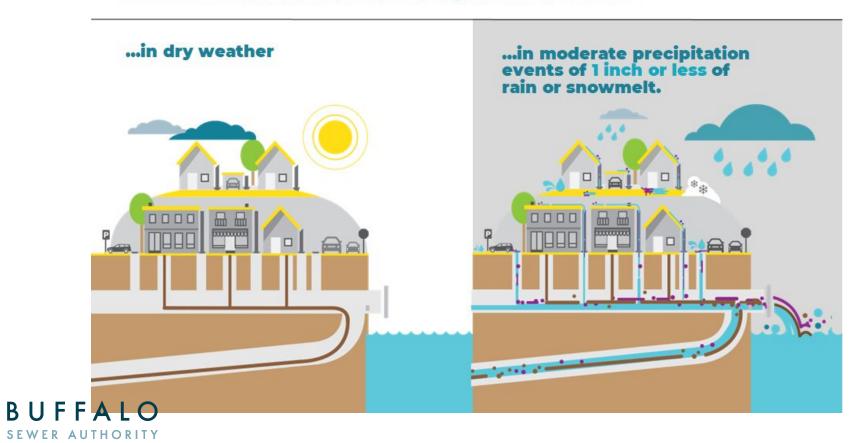
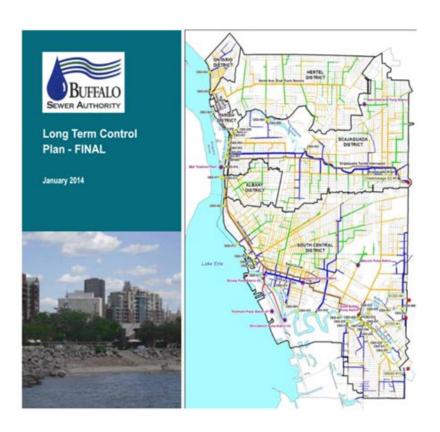


### How our combined sewer system works...



- Long Term Control Plan (LTCP) Approved by Agencies in 2014
- 20 year plan to be completed by March, 2034
- BSA Committed to Invest \$430 Million Over 20 Years on Projects
- 97% of Wet Weather Flows to be Captured upon Completion of LTCP
- Manage 1,315 acres of impervious surface area with Green Infrastructure





# Gray

Expanding the capacity and efficiency of our pipes, pumps, and underground infrastructure.

## **Smart**

Using "real time" sensors to move stormwater away from parts of the sewer system hit with lots of rain and snowmelt.

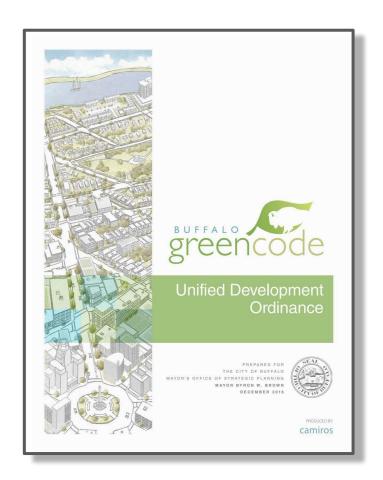
## Green

Preventing or slowing water from reaching the sewer system with "green infrastructure."





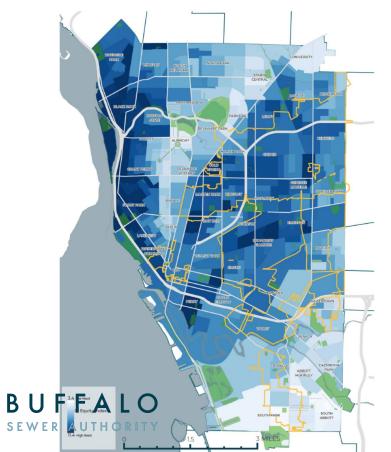


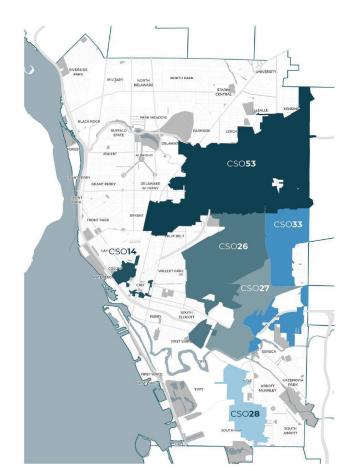






## **PRIORITY BASINS**

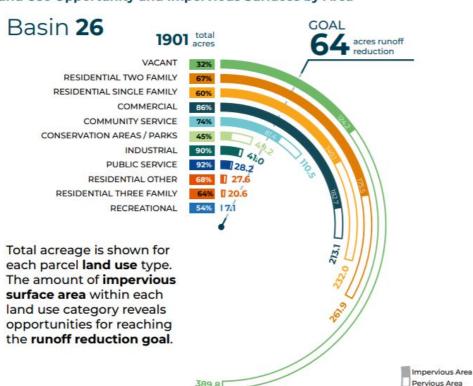






#### BY THE NUMBERS...

#### Land Use Opportunity and Impervious Surfaces by Area





BUFFALO SEWER AUTHORITY



#### **Pollution Mitigation Benefits**

Rain gardens, bioswales, and wetlands remove pollutants from air and water. The pollution removal increases if tree area is added at a density of 5 trees per 1,000 square feet.

Benefit	No Trees	Trees
Carbon Dioxide sequestered	581 lbs/year	728 lbs/year
Ozone Removed	0.49 lbs/year	1.1 lbs/year
Particulates Removed	0.43 lbs/year	0.84 lbs/year
Nitrogen Dioxide Removed	0.39 lbs/year	0.81 lbs/year
Sulfur Dioxide Removed	0.23 lbs/year	0.46 lbs/year
Carbon Monoxide Removed	0.12 lbs/year	0.2 lbs/year

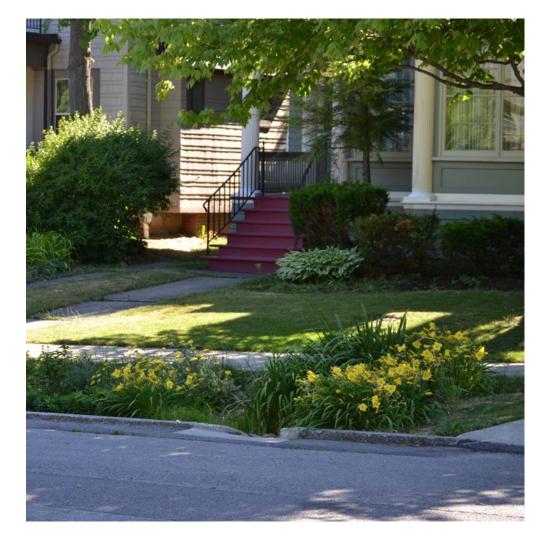
Numbers are for 1,000 s.f. installation and are based on NYC Green Infrastructure Co-Benefits Calculator.

#### **Tree Benefits**

Buffalo's 3,830 acres of tree canopy provides the following benefits on an annual basis

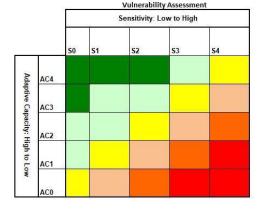
Benefit	<b>Buffalo Canopy</b>
Carbon dioxide sequestered	2,523,374 lbs
Water Saved	40,882,251 gallons
Energy Saved	271 Kwh
Energy Saved	80 Therms

Based on City of Buffalo Open Data Portal



Built Environment    Active Industrial Sites	
Sanitary Sewer Pipes Stormwater Conveyance Pipes Combine Sewage Overflow Sanitary Sewage Overflow Main Pump Stations	
Sewer Sanitary Sewage Overflow Sanitary Sewage Overflow Main Pump Stations	
Stormwater Conveyance Pipes Combine Sewage Overflow Sanitary Sewage Overflow Main Pump Stations	
Sewer Combine Sewage Overflow Infrastructure Sanitary Sewage Overflow Main Pump Stations	
Infrastructure Sanitary Sewage Overflow  Main Pump Stations	
Infrastructure Sanitary Sewage Overflow  Main Pump Stations	
Combined Sewage System	
Wastewater Treatment Facility	
Seiche	
Buffalo River, Cazenovia Creek, and Scajaquanda Creek	
Lake Erie	
Natural Ice Jam Flooding	
Systems Biodiversity	
Street Trees	
Parks	
Invasives	
Families in Poverty	
People with Disabilities	
Households that Rent	
Households that Rent Population over age of 65	
Population over age of 65	
Population over age of 65  Non-white people	
Population over age of 65 Non-white people Under Age 5	
Population over age of 65  Non-white people  Under Age 5  Individuals in Deep Poverty	
Population over age of 65  Non-white people  Under Age 5  Individuals in Deep Poverty  Limited English	
Population over age of 65  Non-white people  Under Age 5  Individuals in Deep Poverty  Limited English  Socially  Households Receiving Public Assistance	
Population over age of 65  Non-white people  Under Age 5  Individuals in Deep Poverty  Limited English  Socially  Vulnerable  Mortgage greater than 30% of household income	
Population over age of 65  Non-white people  Under Age 5  Individuals in Deep Poverty  Limited English  Socially  Vulnerable Population  Population  Population virtout a High School Diploma	
Population over age of 65  Non-white people  Under Age 5  Individuals in Deep Poverty  Limited English  Socially  Vulnerable Population  Population  Population Without a High School Diploma  Food Desert	
Population over age of 65  Non-white people  Under Age 5  Individuals in Deep Poverty  Limited English  Socially  Vulnerable Population  Population  Population  Population  Population  Population Vithout a High School Diploma  Food Desert  Asthma	
Population over age of 65  Non-white people  Under Age 5  Individuals in Deep Poverty  Limited English  Socially  Vulnerable Population  P	
Population over age of 65  Non-white people  Under Age 5  Individuals in Deep Poverty  Limited English  Socially  Vulnerable Population  Food Desert  Asthma  Vehicle Ownership  Elderly and Living Alone	
Population over age of 65  Non-white people  Under Age 5  Individuals in Deep Poverty  Limited English  Socially  Vulnerable  Population  Population  Population  Population  Population  Population  Population  Population  Food Desert  Asthma  Vehicle Ownership  Elderly and Living Alone  No Health Insurance	
Population over age of 65  Non-white people  Under Age 5  Individuals in Deep Poverty  Limited English  Socially  Vulnerable Population  Food Desert  Asthma  Vehicle Ownership  Elderly and Living Alone	

## CLIMATE CHANGE VULNERABILITY ASSESSMENT







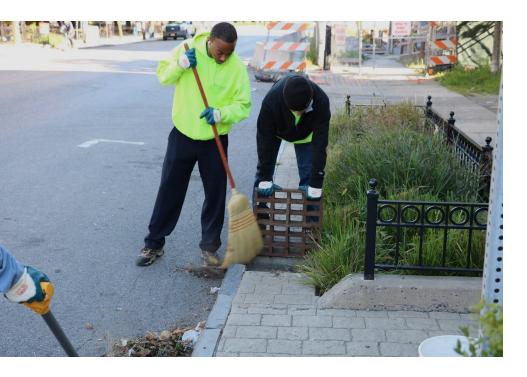


Table 6 Summary of Economic Impacts

Impact Type	Employment	Labor Income (\$)	Value Added (\$)	Output (\$)
Direct Effect 8.7 Indirect Effect 1.5	8.7	476,980 86,317	613,5 <u>16</u> 132,728	828,588 235,590
	1.5			
Induced Effect	3.3	148,173	274,474	456,769
Total Effect	13.5	711,470	1,020,719	1,520,947

#### The Green Infrastructure Workforce in Buffalo

The \$1 million project would be expected to generate approximately 13 jobs during its design and construction, primarily in the construction, water/sewer systems, and landscaping industries.

As of May 2017, the Buffalo Metropolitan Area had approximately 13,840 jobs in industry sectors related to green infrastructure design, construction, and maintenance (the total number of jobs in all occupations in the Buffalo MSA in 2017 was 547,750, according to BLS). These jobs had an average median hourly wage of \$23.04, which is 30 percent higher than the median hourly wage for the Metropolitan Area as a whole, \$17.77.1









# Questions?



