



## **Project Breakdown**

#### Phase 1: **Ajax Climate Model**



#### Phase 2: **Climate Vulnerability Studies**



- Natural Capita and Climate Vulnerability Assessment
- Overland and Stormwater Flooding Forecast Report
- Emergency Preparedness and Response Assessment Report
- Climate Vulnerability Study Summary report



#### Phase 3: **Community Climate Adaptation Plan**

- Branding and Marketing
- Stakeholder Consultation
- Public Consultation
- Final Plan
- Approval
- Implementation

- Data collection
- Stakeholder Consultation
- Climate Model Layer **Generation Maps**
- Climate Model Analyses Report





## What's the Issue?

# Temperature Increase

- t<sub>max</sub> >30°C: 3 days/year to 16.8 days/year,
- t<sub>max</sub> >35°C: 0 days/year to 1-4 days/year
- 4°C avg; higher in winter

# More Heatwaves & Humidity

- 30°C more than 2 days: 0.025 events/year to 3.9 events/year
- Increased Humidex > than 40°C eq. (great discomfort) projected increase from 3 to 17 events/year.
- Greater than 'dangerous' level (45°C eq.): 0 to **3.2** events/year
- Peak humidex in 2040s: 48°C eq.

# Precipitation Changes

- Approx. **16** % increase in snow & rain
- Increased significant rainfall events (>50mm in 6 hours) from 1.5 events/year 2000-2009 to 5.3 events/year 2040-2049
- Reduction in the number of days with snow more than 5 cm 75%
  - January more rain 138% and less snow 67%
  - February more rain 233% and less snow 77%

#### More severe storms

- Potential for violent storms up
   7% for Ajax
- Projected increase in days with high potential for lightning 59% for Ajax
- Increased wind storms including tornados (risk of Tornados could increase by 59 % by 2049.

- In order to determine which weather scenarios are most likely to impact trees you must conduct a Risk Assessment.
- Risk is a function of:
  - Likelihood: The probability of an impact occurring
    - X
  - Consequence: The known or estimated consequences of the impact

Scoring of risk is on a scale of 1-5

		<u>Consequence</u>				
		None	Minimal	Moderate	Severe	Extreme
<u>Likelihood</u>	High	2	2	4	5	5
	Frequent	2	2	3	4	5
	Occasional	2	2	3	4	4
	Rare	1	2	2	3	3
	Naic	-				3
			_			
	Not Likely	1	1	2	3	3

# Risk Assessment (qualitative)

#### Main priorities

- Flooding (urban & riverine)
- Natural environment & Urban Forestry
- Emergency Response
- Social impacts



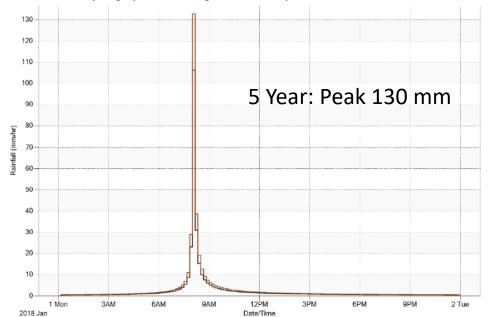


- The Stormwater and Overland Flooding Report identified areas within the Town that are potentially vulnerable to flooding (pluvial & fluvial).
- Included an assessment of the Town's stormwater sewer system performance during minor and major stormwater events
  - Tested under two scenarios: current conditions and future climate change conditions

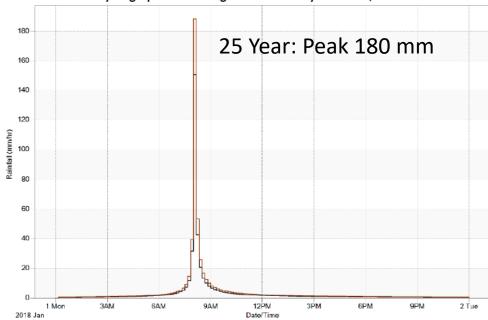




#### Rainfall Hyetograph for existing and future 5-year storm, 24 hour duration

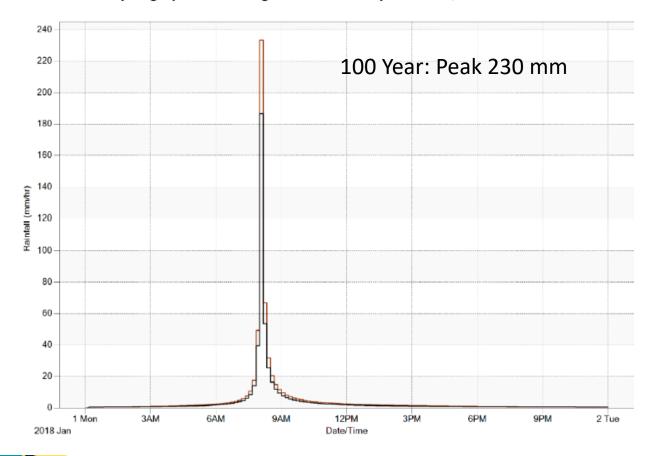


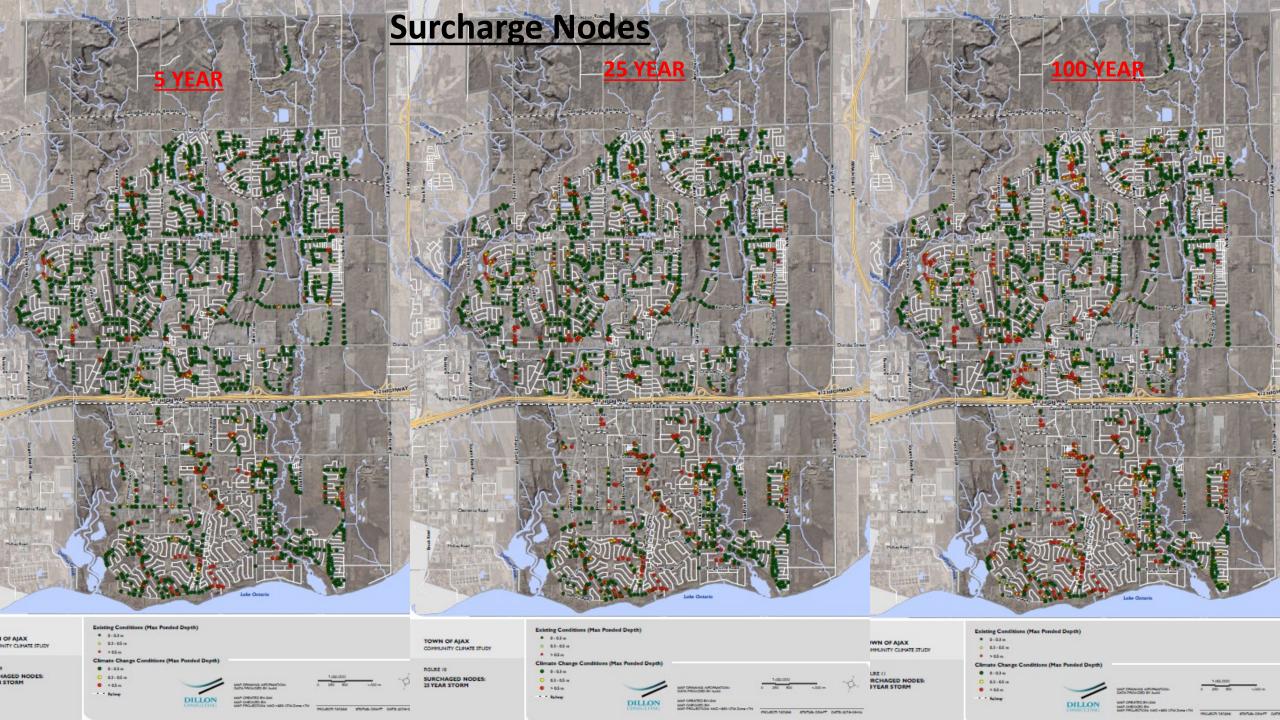
#### Rainfall Hyetograph for existing and future 25-year storm, 24 hour duration

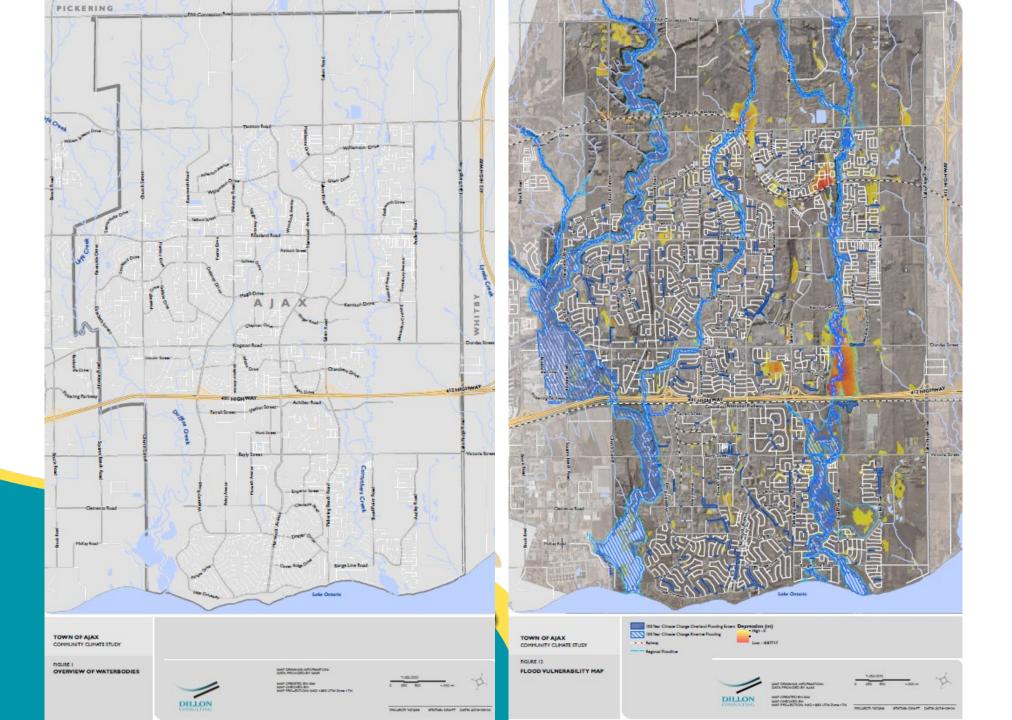


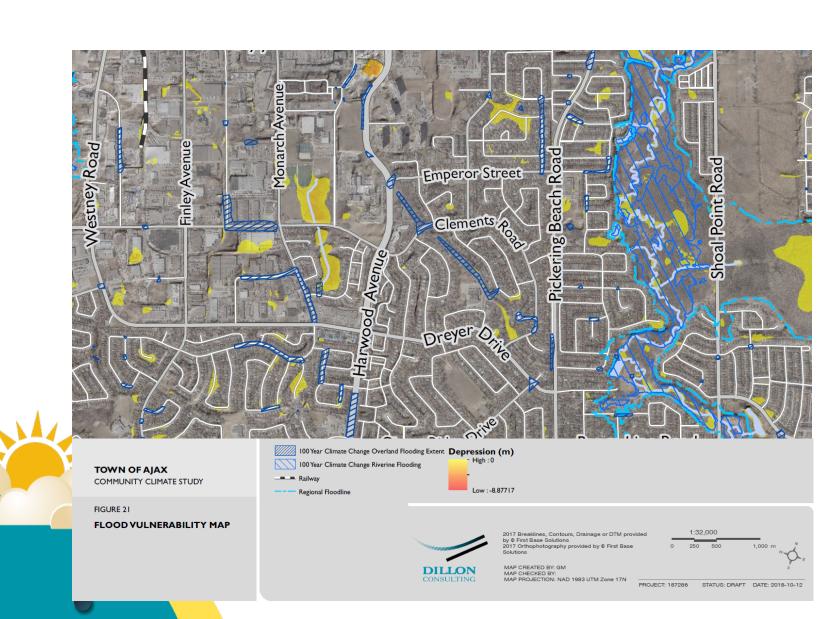
#### PC SWMM Model Hyetograph for Precipitation

#### Rainfall Hyetograph for existing and future 100-year storm, 24 hour duration













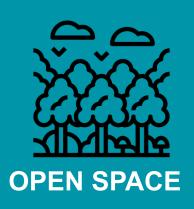
## **Natural Capita**

The potential vulnerabilities of natural capita assets in response to conditions predicted in the 2049 Durham Region climate model were assessed and evaluated.

**Natural Capita Assets included within the model included:** 







# Natural Capita Study Objectives

#### **Urban Forest**

- Threats to urban forests based on species & plant hardiness;
- Tree conflicts with infrastructure (electrical and communication)
- Identification of areas susceptible to heat island effect
- Response of major diseases & pests to climate change

#### **Natural Environment**

- Areas where climate change could impact species at risk
- Wetland & other sensitive habitat susceptible to drought



Ajax's Existing Municipal GIS Inventory data for trees found on boulevards and parks (excluded private or woodlot trees)

- Additional species added based on the presence of known ELC communities
- ➤ In total, 57 tree species were selected for analysis (93.3% of the total municipal trees within the Town's tree database)
  - Trees removed by Town due to Emerald Ash Borer (EAB) infestation were not included in analyses



1,455 trees in the data set were missing information (e.g. species name, etc.)

 These data points were removed from the data set

45.465 individual trees included in the Town data set

Six Natural Resource
Canada bioclimatic
variables were used in
the model to represent
the climate envelope
of each tree species:

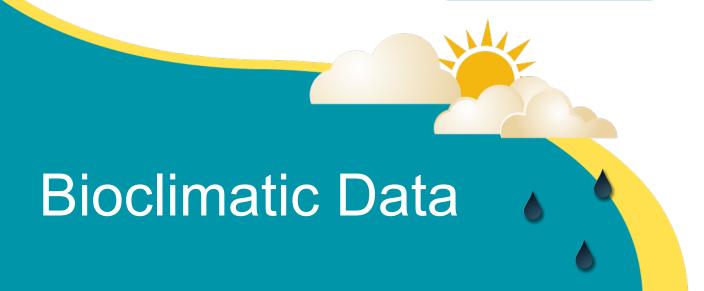
ANNUAL MEAN TEMPERATURE

MINIMUM TEMPERATURE OF THE COLDEST MONTH MAXIMUM
TEMPERATURE OF
THE WARMEST
MONTH

ANNUAL PRECIPITATION

PRECIPITATION IN THE WARMEST QUARTER

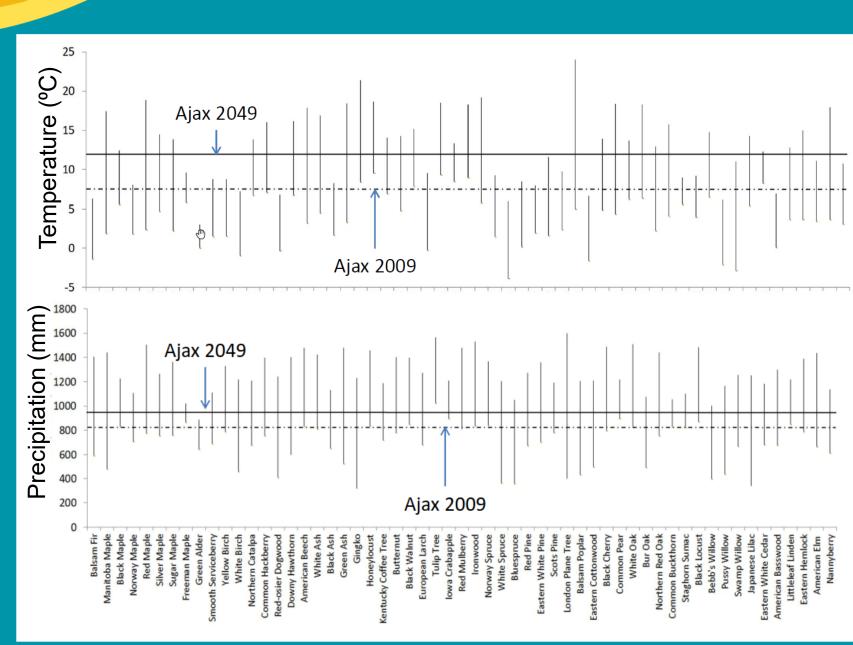
PRECIPITATION IN THE COLDEST QUARTER



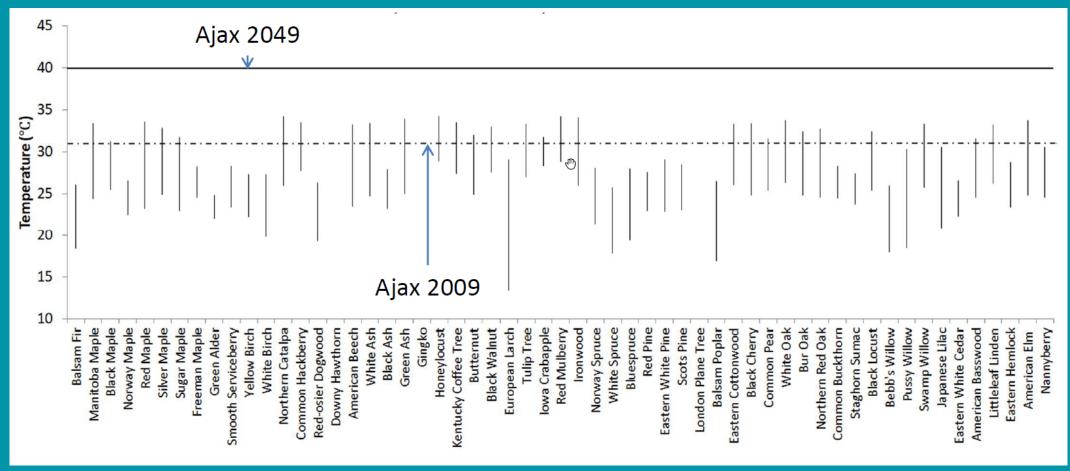


Several tree species had bioclimatic envelopes outside of the predicted mean <u>ANNUAL</u> temperature level:

- Eastern White Cedar (*Thuja occidentalis*)
- Bebb's Willow (Salix bebbiana),
- Freeman Maple (Acer x freemanii),
- Green Alder (Alnus viridis),
- Yellow Birch (Betula alleghaniensis),
- White Birch (Betula papyrifera)
- European Larch (*Larix* decidua),
- Norway Spruce (Picea abies)
- White Spruce (*Picea glauca*)

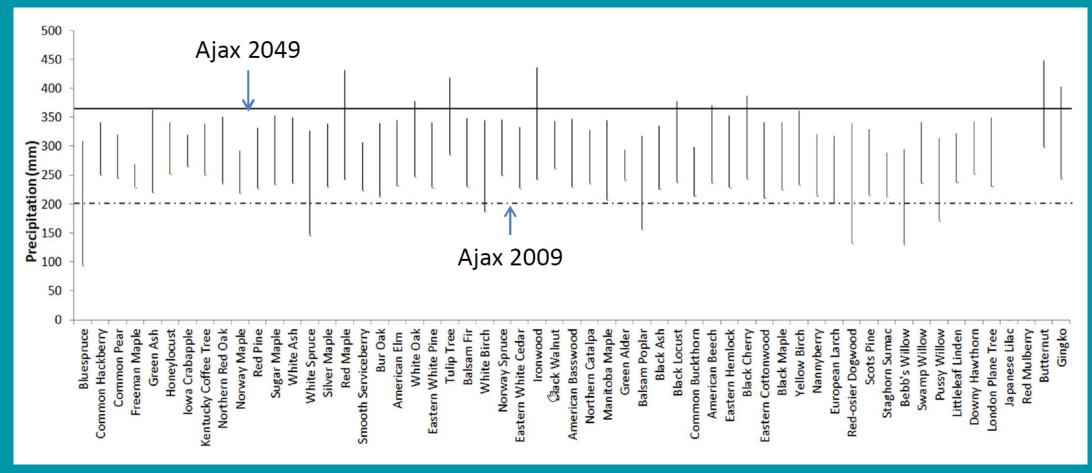


# Bioclimatic Envelopes-Maximum Temperature



Trees assessed contained bioclimatic envelopes below the maximum predicted temperature (40 °C) according to the regional climate model.

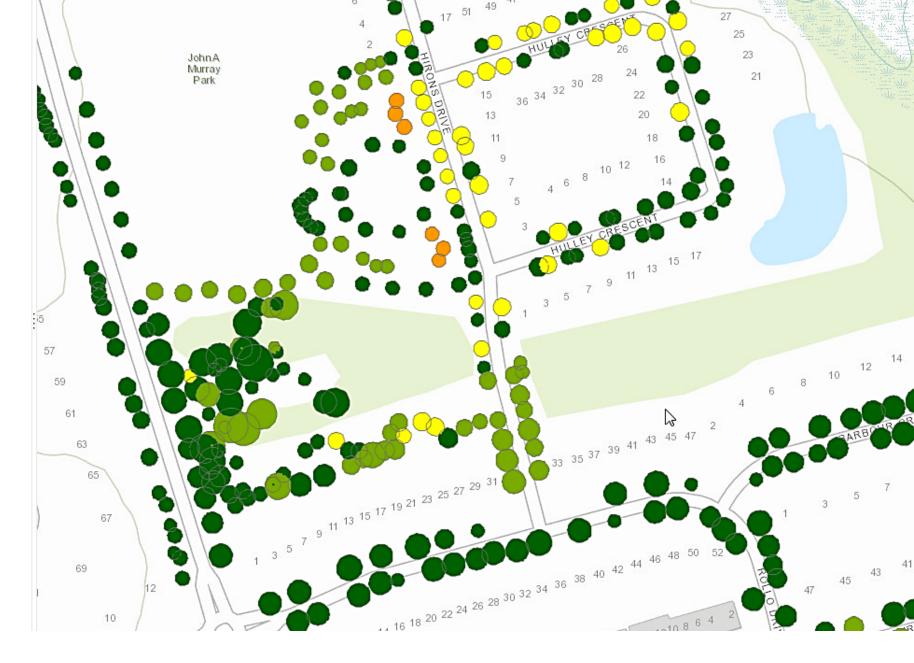
# Bioclimatic Envelope - Precipitation



Most municipal tree species have bioclimatic envelopes that fall between the 2009 and 2049 levels modeled for precipitation in the warmest months

#### Legend Ajax Town Trees CV Climate\_vulnerability\_score\_49 >0.6 - 0.8 >0.4 - 0.6 >0.2 - 0.4 0 - 0.2 Ajax Town Trees CV Buffer Climate\_vulnerability\_score\_49 0.800001 - 1.000000 0.600001 - 0.800000 0.400001 - 0.600000 200001 - 0.400000 0.000000 - 0.200000 Ajax\_Climate\_Natural\_Capita - Municipal\_Boundaries Ajax Ajax\_Climate\_Natural\_Capita - Cons Auth Admin Area

CPA (estimated by dbh) are represented in individual trees by the size of circles.



#### **Climate Vulnerability Score (Trees)**

#### Legend

#### Ajax Town Trees CV

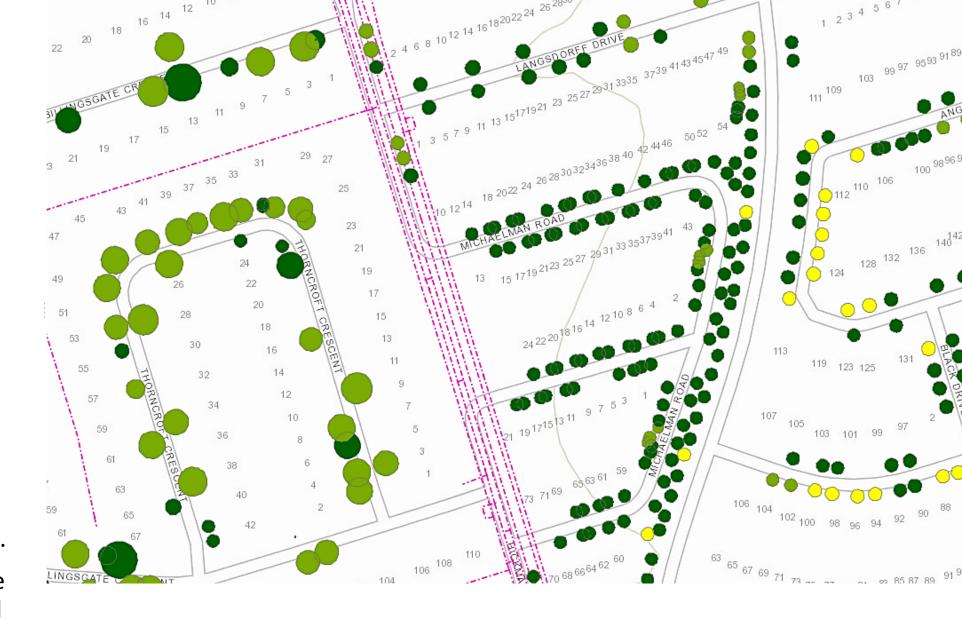
Climate\_vulnerability\_score\_49

- >0.8 1
- >0.6 0.8
- >0.4 0.6
- >0.2 0.4
- 0-0.2

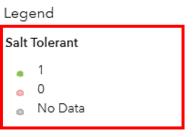
#### Ajax Town Trees CV Buffer

Climate\_vulnerability\_score\_49

- 0.800001 1.000000
- 0.600001 0.800000
- 0.400001 0.600000
- 0.200001 0.400000
- 0.000000 0.200000
- The majority of individual trees did not demonstrate a moderate-high or high climate vulnerability score.
- These trees should be able to survive under projected climate conditions.



**Climate Vulnerability Score (Tree Canopy & Infrastructure)** 



#### Ajax Town Trees CV

Climate\_vulnerability\_score\_49

- >0.8 1
- >0.6 0.
- >0.4 0.6
- >0.2 0.4
- 0 0.2
- Supplemental data provided to the Town can be queried to determine the location of salt tolerant tree species.
- 1 = salt tolerance
- 0 = salt intolerant



**Climate Vulnerability Score (Salt Tolerance)** 



Climate\_vulnerability\_score\_49

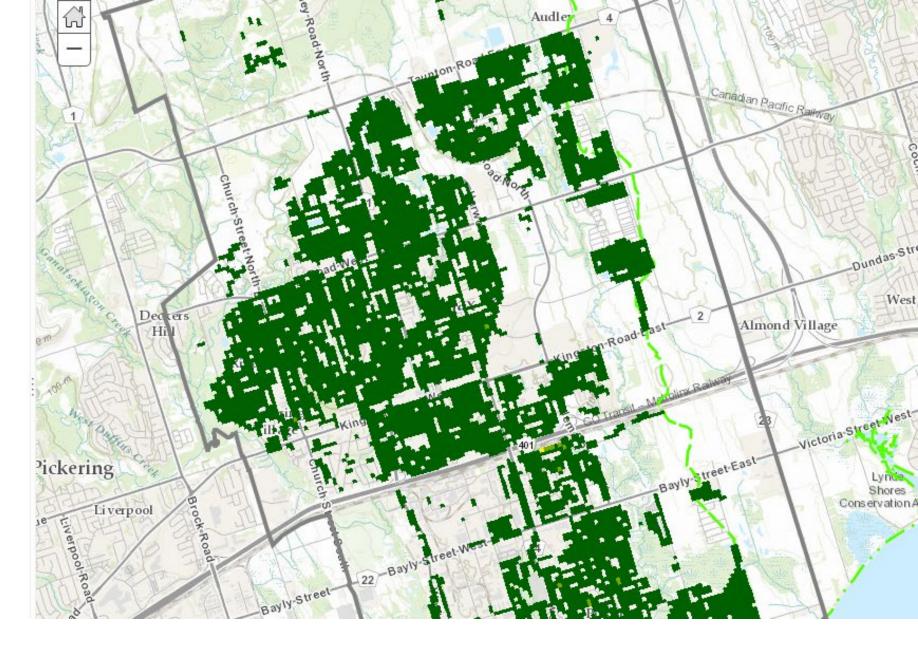
- >0.8 -
- >0.6 0.8
- >0.4 0.6
- >0.2 0.4
- 0 0.2
- Supplemental data provided to the Town can be queried to determine the location of drought tolerant tree species.
- 1 = drought tolerance
- 0 = drought intolerant



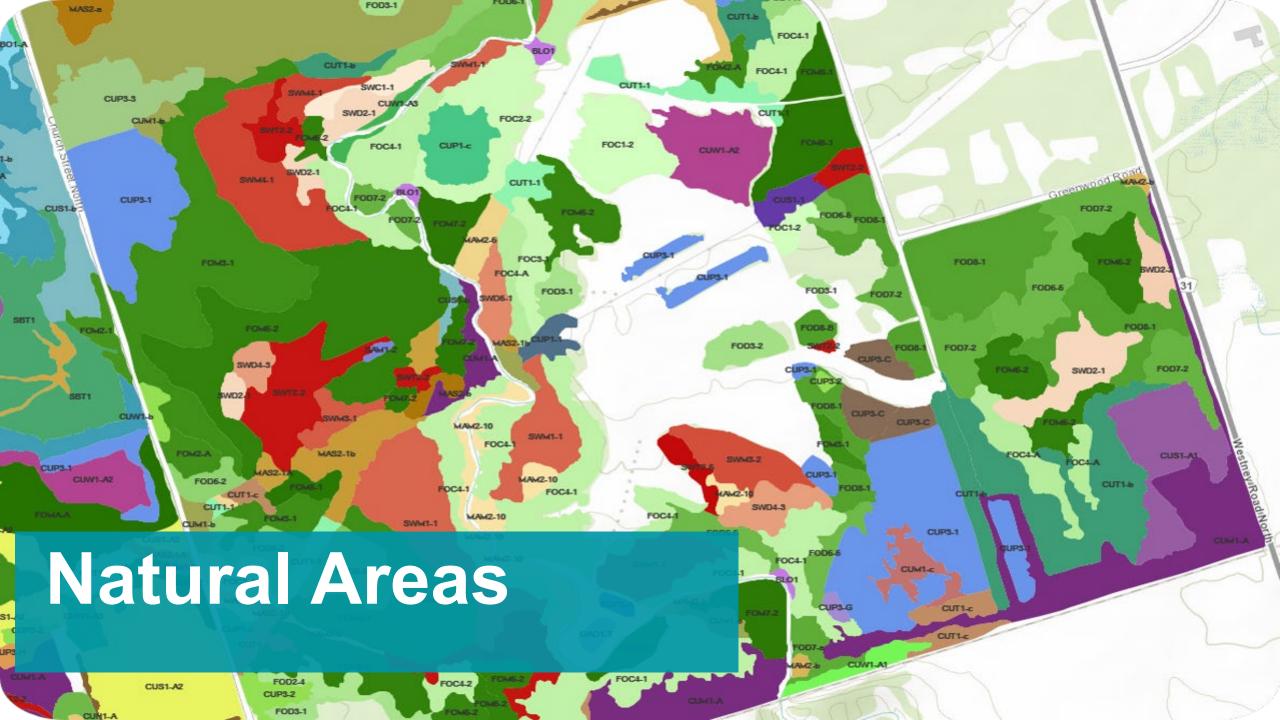
**Climate Vulnerability Score (Drought Tolerance)** 

# Legend Grid\_Municipal Tree CV\_Score\_revised CV\_Score\_Grid\_Cell 0.800001 - 1.000000 0.600001 - 0.800000 0.400001 - 0.600000 0.200001 - 0.400000 0.000000 - 0.200000

The majority municipal trees have a low (0 - 0.2) to low-moderate (0.2 - 0.4) climate vulnerability score.

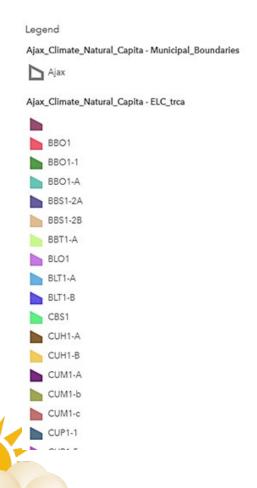


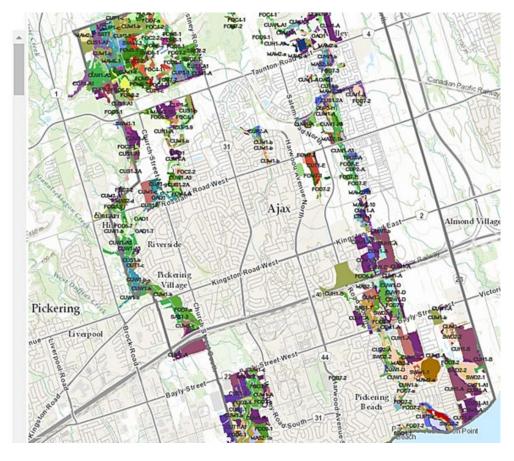
**Climate Vulnerability Score (Tree Grids)** 



The vulnerability assessment of treed natural areas was based on the average climate vulnerability scores for the dominant tree species within vegetation communities

- Existing ELC Data was obtained from TRCA and CLOCA
- Where overlaps in data existed, data information from TRCA was used.





**Ecological Land Classification (TRCA)** 

Climate Vulnerability Score - Natural Areas

#### Legend

#### ELC merged CV Score

CV\_2049

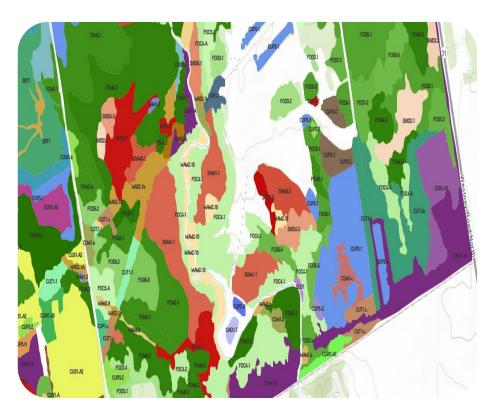
0.800001 - 1.000000

0.600001 - 0.800000

0.400001 - 0.600000

0.200001 - 0.400000

0.000000 - 0.200000





## **Climate Vulnerability Score – Natural Areas**

There were no treed natural areas with moderate to high climate vulnerability scores as the individual scores for dominant trees within these vegetation communities are ranged from low-moderate to low.

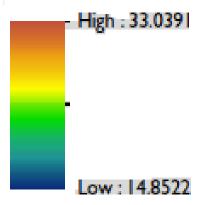
## Ajax Town Trees CV

Climate\_vulnerability\_score\_49

>0.8 - 1

Legend

- >0.6 0.8
- >0.4 0.6
- >0.2 0.4
- 0 0.2



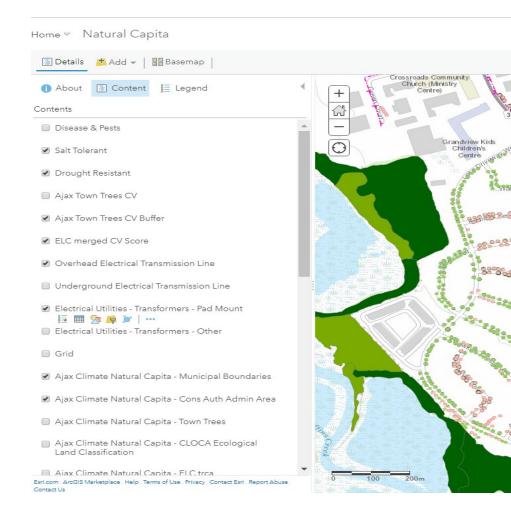
Urban areas in Ajax were found to have surface temperatures that are warmer than adjacent areas with vegetative cover.



**Climate Vulnerability Score – Surface Air Temperature (Heat Island)** 

- The Climate Model will integrated into the Town's GIS system for use as an urban forest asset management tool
- Allows for improved maintenance and monitoring of urban trees and treed natural areas whilst considering climate change:
  - Examine operational programming and scheduling of hazard risk monitoring activities
  - Review tree planting specifications to determine appropriate tree selection, proper installation and maintenance.
  - Review natural feature monitoring and adaptive management programs within the natural heritage system to track risk factors (in conjunction with Conservation Authorities)







# **Emergency Response**and Preparedness

- The Emergency Response and Preparedness report included a vulnerability assessment to identify threats and risks faced by the Town of Ajax as a result of a changing climate.
- The vulnerability assessment was conducted around four key topics:











# **Emergency Preparedness** and Response

#### Demographics

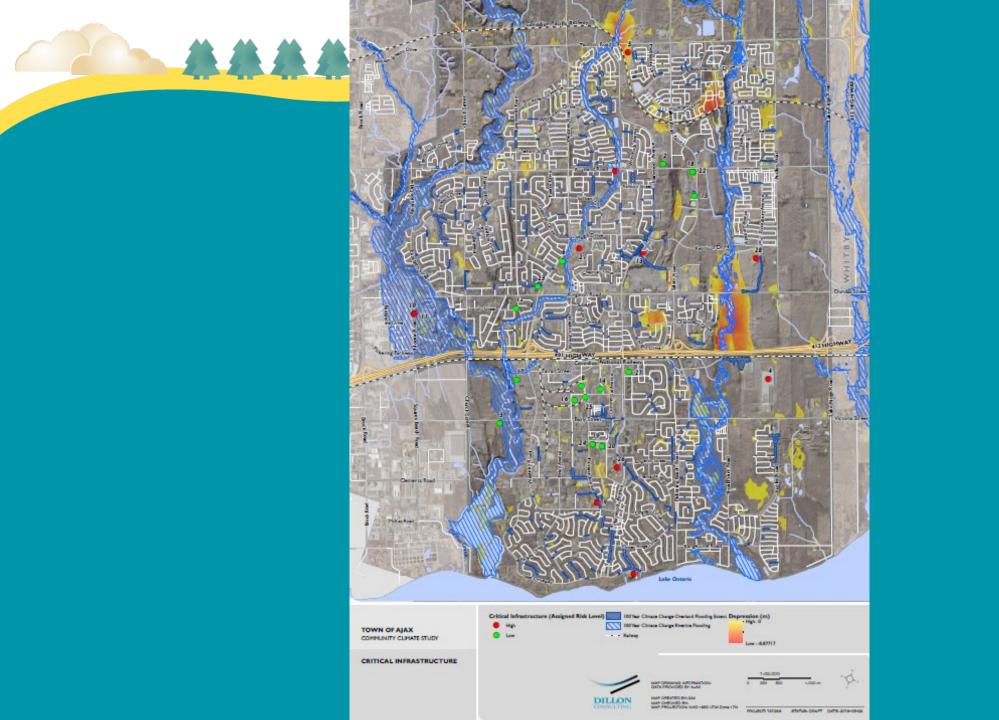
- Low Income Individuals
- Seniors
- Children
- Pregnant Women
- Individuals with Preexisting Medical Conditions
- Individuals Living in Certain Locations
- Immigrants
- Occupational Groups
- Individuals with Disabilities

# Local Partners and Resources

- Red Cross
- St. John's Ambulance
- Salvation Army
- Durham Catholic District School Board
- Durham District School Board
- Durham Region Health Department
- Central Lake Ontario
   Conservation Authority
- Toronto and Region Conservation Authority
- Local service clubs (e.g., Optimist, Rotary, etc.).

#### **Vulnerable Buildings**

- licenced child care facilities
- retirement homes
- schools
- long term care facilities
- emergency shelters
- housing outreach services
- social housing
- group homes
- detention centres

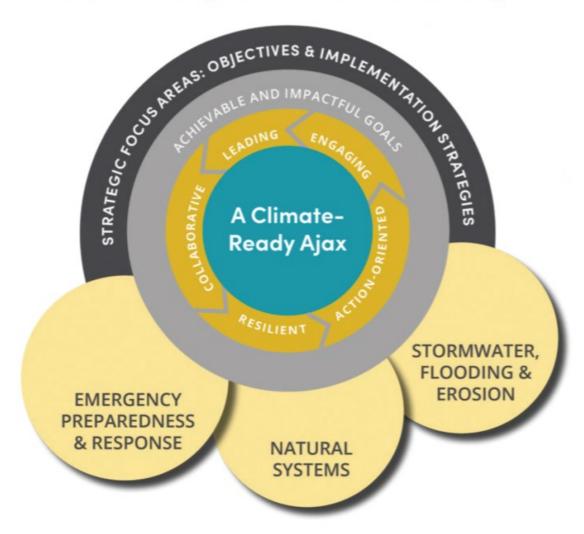




# CLIMATE RISK & RESILIENCY PLAN

- Approved in June 2019 to provide a strategic framework to address current and future climate change risks.
- 10-year Implementation Strategy was approved at the same time

#### Framework for the Ajax Climate Risk and Resiliency Plan



 The plan is organized in to 8 objectives that flow across all three main strategic focus areas **OBJECTIVE #5:** Naturalized urban areas and green infrastructure within the Town are enhanced to be resilient and supportive of biodiversity, to help protect critical and social infrastructure from climate change impacts, and are planned and maintained to limit conflicts with critical infrastructure.

	Action	Category	Cost	Timeline	Lead Department(s)	Community Partners	Funding
5.1	Create Green Development and Environmental Design Guidelines that encourage the incorporation of Low Impact Development, naturalized areas, and other types of green infrastructure such as green roofs in new development to help reduce the urban heat island effect and improve energy efficiency.	Regulations, Policies, Guidelines & Standards	\$		Planning & Development Services  Champion(s): Supervisor of Planning Policy & Research	Conservation Authorities	Internal
5.2	Develop a dataset on public trees and update on an ongoing basis to track growth, canopy cover and tree vulnerability.	Data & Technology	\$	Ongoing	Geographic Information Systems; Operations & Environmental Services Champion(s): Manager of IT; Supervisor of Forestry	Conservation Authorities	Internal
5.3	Update the Town's Urban Forest Management Plan, incorporating available surface temperature mapping from external agencies, to target planting in areas with limited canopy cover to help reduce surface temperature.	Plans & Studies	\$	••0	Operations & Environmental Services Champion(s): Supervisor of Forestry	Conservation Authorities, Natural Resources Canada, Durham Region Health, Durham School Boards	Internal



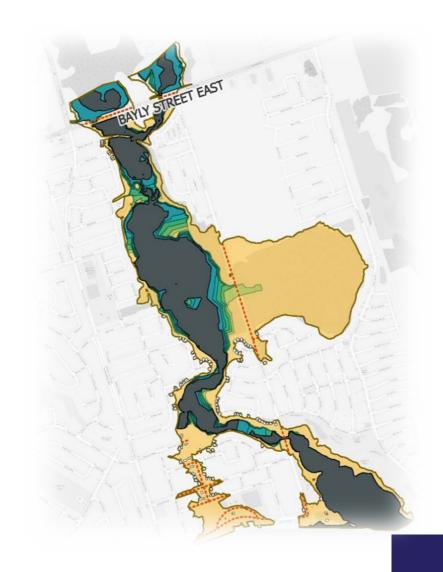
## INVASIVE SPECIES AWARENESS

- Objective: Restore natural heritage systems and manage human health impacts associated with climate change
- Invasive species can have impacts on:
  - Economy (i.e. Emerald Ash Borer)
  - Environment (i.e. loss of biodiversity)
  - Human health (i.e. loss of tree canopy increases heat islands)

### INVASIVE SPECIES AWARENESS



- Join Invasive Species Centre's Municipal Community of Practice
- Develop new website and social media content
- Host virtual workshop to raise awareness of invasive species and promote the use of native plants
- Improve health and safety training for staff
  - Identification
  - Associated health risks
  - Management



### EMERGENCY PREPAREDNESS AND RESPONSE

- Communicate to residents, priority populations, and businesses about emergency preparedness
- Complete Emergency Response Plan for Lower Carruthers FVA
- Collaborate and partner to develop and distribute emergency preparedness materials
  - Durham Region At the Ready
  - Unflood Ontario initiative
  - Conservation Authorities

### WETLAND CREATION & RESTORATION



- Action 6.3: Identify appropriate locations for the creation of wetland habitat to support biodiversity and stormwater storage in partnership with Conservation Authorities
  - Completed in November 2020 with Wetland Selection Prioritization report and mapping
  - The report identified four opportunities on publicly-owned land including the Kerrison Wetland opportunity



# KERRISON WETLAND PROJECT

- Priority wetland creation and restoration project in Carruthers Creek watershed
- Will create and enhance 2ha of wetland and 6ha of riparian plantings
- Funded using COVID-19
   Infrastructure Resilience Fund
  - \$250,000 from Town of Ajax
  - \$500,000 from Region of Durham



## Carruther's Creek Watershed Restoration

Kingston Rd E and Audley Rd N (Ajax, ON)

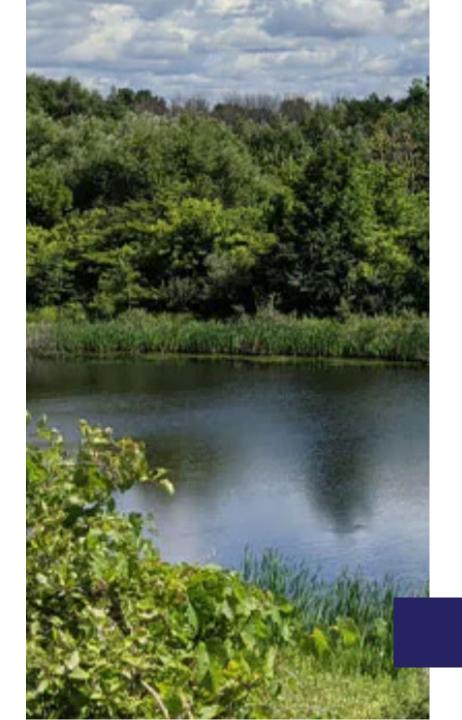
Priority area in the Carruther's watershed plan. This area is publicly owned by the Town of Ajax and there is 1 new wetland opportunity and 4 opportunities to enhance existing wetlands and ponds in the floodplain. Riparian plantings could be extensive and will help with connectivity of the TNHS.

#### Legend

- Drainline
- Watercourse
- Wetland Enhancements
- Riparian Plantings
- Invasive Management/Wetland

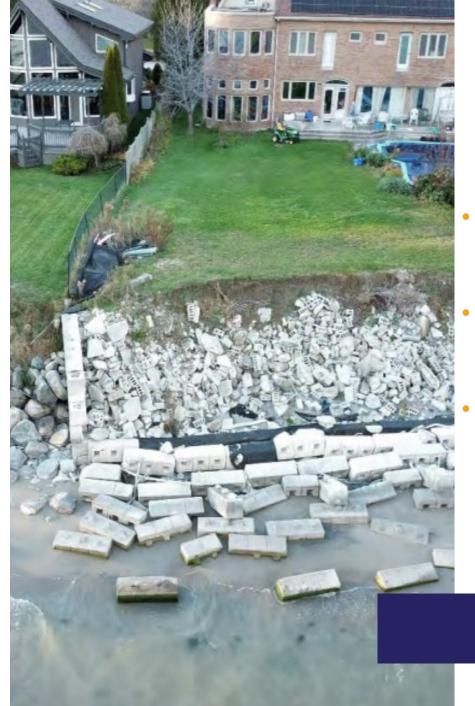
Enhancements

Public Property



### STORMWATER FUNDING FEASIBILITY STUDY

- Town is conducting a study to review and recommend a sustainable and reliable funding source to support stormwater management program
- Town currently spends an average of \$1.6million on stormwater program
- Currently depends heavily on third party grants



### SHORELINE HAZARD RISK ASSESSMENT

- Completed for CLOCA jurisdiction in early 2021
- Undertaking remainder of shoreline with TRCA starting this year
- Focus on resiliency of Town-owned infrastructure and private property

### MONITORING AND REPORTING



- Internal ACRRP Review Team meets twice per year
  - Representation from every department
- Update provided to Council every 2 years
- Implementation priorities have to be actionable and measurable!

### THANK YOU/ QUESTIONS?

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Helping #CDNmuni take action on climate change.

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